

WETLAND DELINEATION

GRANTHAM WETLAND MAPPING & PROTECTION PLAN

VOLUNTEER WORKSHOP



GRANTHAM, NEW HAMPSHIRE

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WHAT IS A WETLAND?

- EPA defines wetlands as:
“those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal conditions do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.”
- Generally Include:
 - Swamps
 - Marshes
 - Bogs



WHY DELINEATE WETLANDS?

- EPA Regulates water quality under the Clean Water Act
- Define a boundary to regulate land use and activities near wetlands to protect:
 - Water Quality
 - Nutrient Transformation
 - Wildlife Habitat (Breeding & Nesting)
 - Flood Storage Potential
 - Recreation and Fishing



HOW ARE WETLAND BOUNDARIES DETERMINED?

ERDC/EL TR-09-19

Environmental Laboratory



US Army Corps
of Engineers®
Engineer Research and
Development Center

Wetlands Regulatory Assistance Program

Interim Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

October 2009

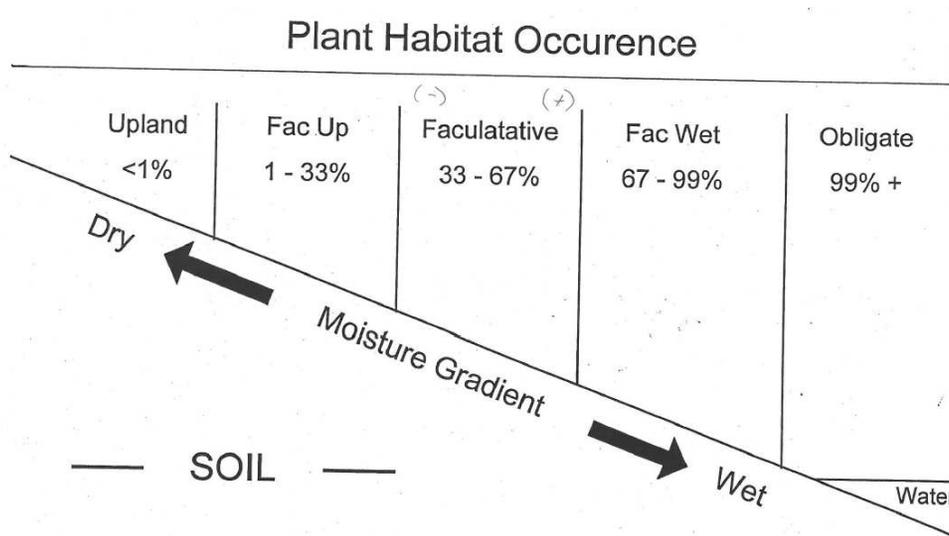


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- USACE developed a method for identifying and delineating wetland boundaries subject to jurisdiction under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act
- Three-parameter approach:
 - Hydrophytic (Wet) Vegetation
 - Hydric (Wet) Soils
 - Evidence of Hydrology

WETLAND PARAMETER #1

HYDROPHYTIC VEGETATION



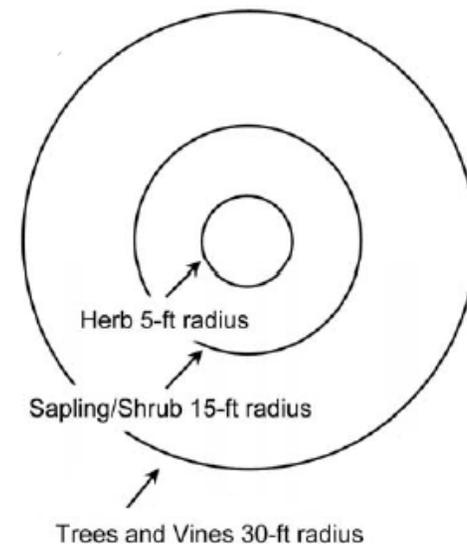
USDA United States Department of Agriculture
Natural Resources Conservation Service



USACE references NRCS [National Plant List](#) to determine habitat occurrence for each species and likelihood the area to be considered 'wet.'

Vegetation Strata

- Trees (> 3 inches diameter)
- Sapling / Shrub (< 3" diameter, > 3' tall)
- Herbs (< 3' tall)
- Woody Vines



Vegetation Sampling Plots

WETLAND PARAMETER #1

PLANT ADAPTATION

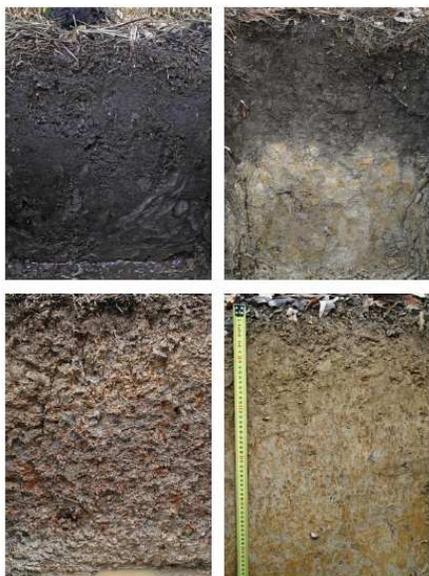


WETLAND PARAMETER #2

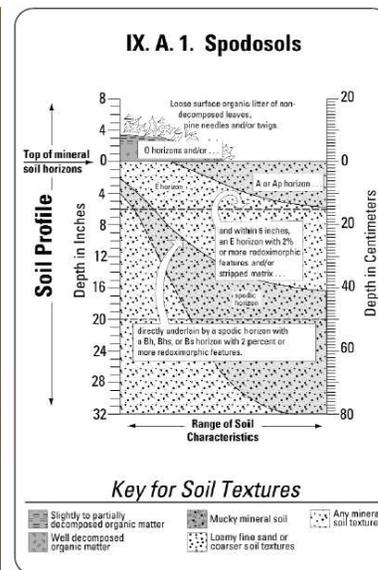
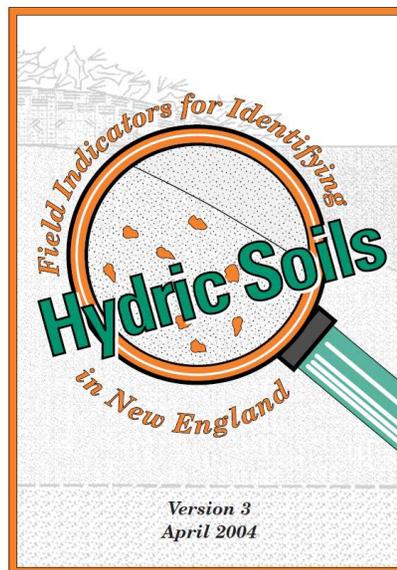
HYDRIC SOILS



Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States
 A Guide for Identifying and Delineating Hydric Soils, Version 7.0, 2010



- Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) developed guide for determining conditions (indicators) for soils to be considered hydric (prolonged periods of wetness or inundation)
- Many wetland scientists use New England Indicators for problem areas



WETLAND PARAMETER #2

HYDRIC SOIL INDICATORS



SOIL PROFILE

Describe soil profile:

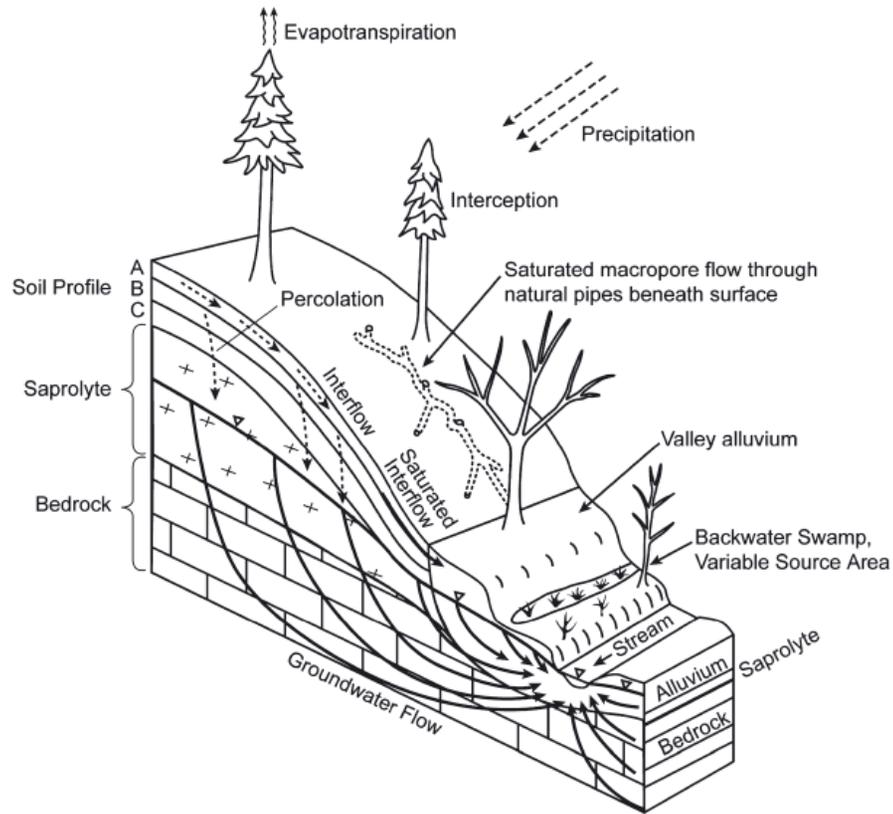
- Soil Texture
- % Organics
- Color
- Iron Oxidation/Reduction (redoximorphic features)



IRON OXIDATION & REDUCTION

WETLAND PARAMETER #3

HYDROLOGIC PATHWAYS



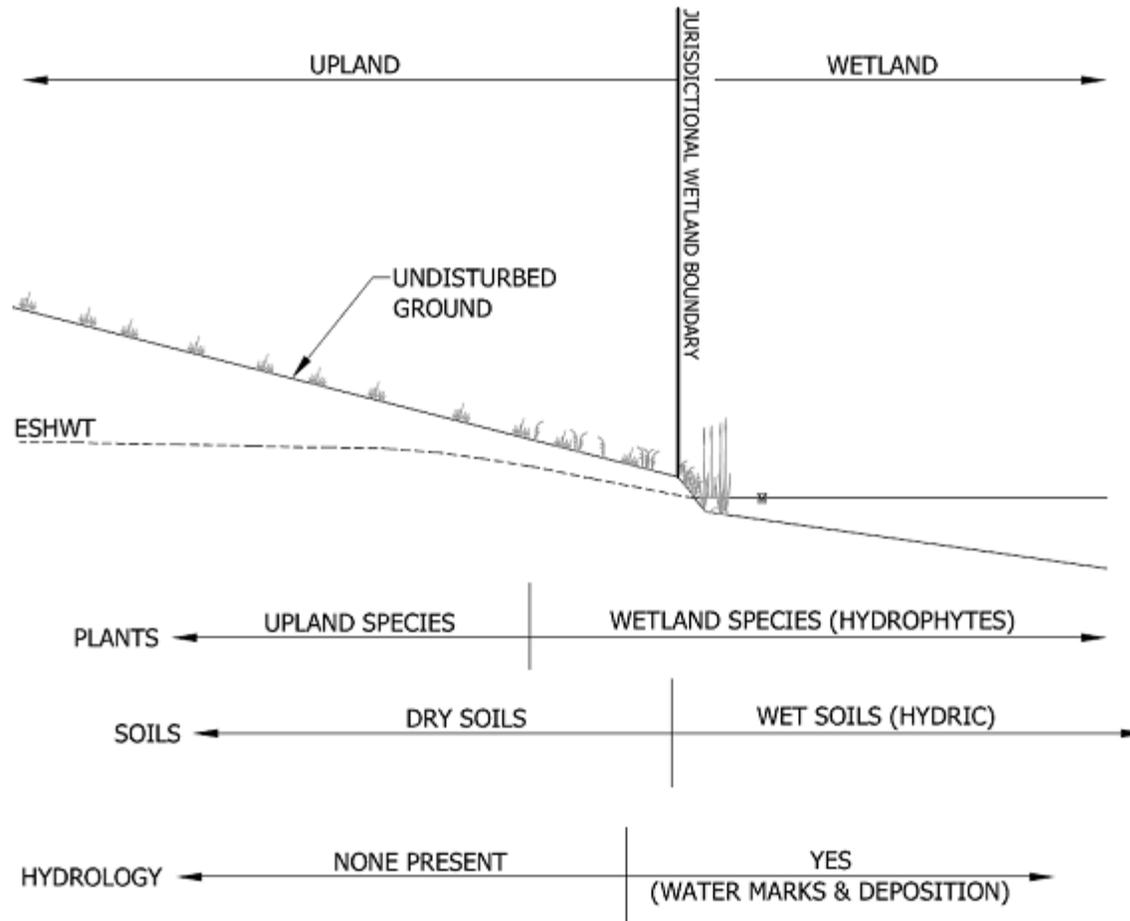
WETLAND PARAMETER #3

EVIDENCE OF HYDROLOGY

- Hydrologic indicators:
 - Surface Water
 - High Water Table
 - Drift Deposits
 - Drainage Patterns
 - Water Marks
 - Sediment Deposits



WETLAND BOUNDARY



THANK YOU



REFERENCES

INTERIM REGIONAL SUPPLEMENT TO THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLAND DELINEATION MANUAL: NORTHCENTRAL AND NORTHEAST REGION. U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS. OCTOBER, 2010.

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